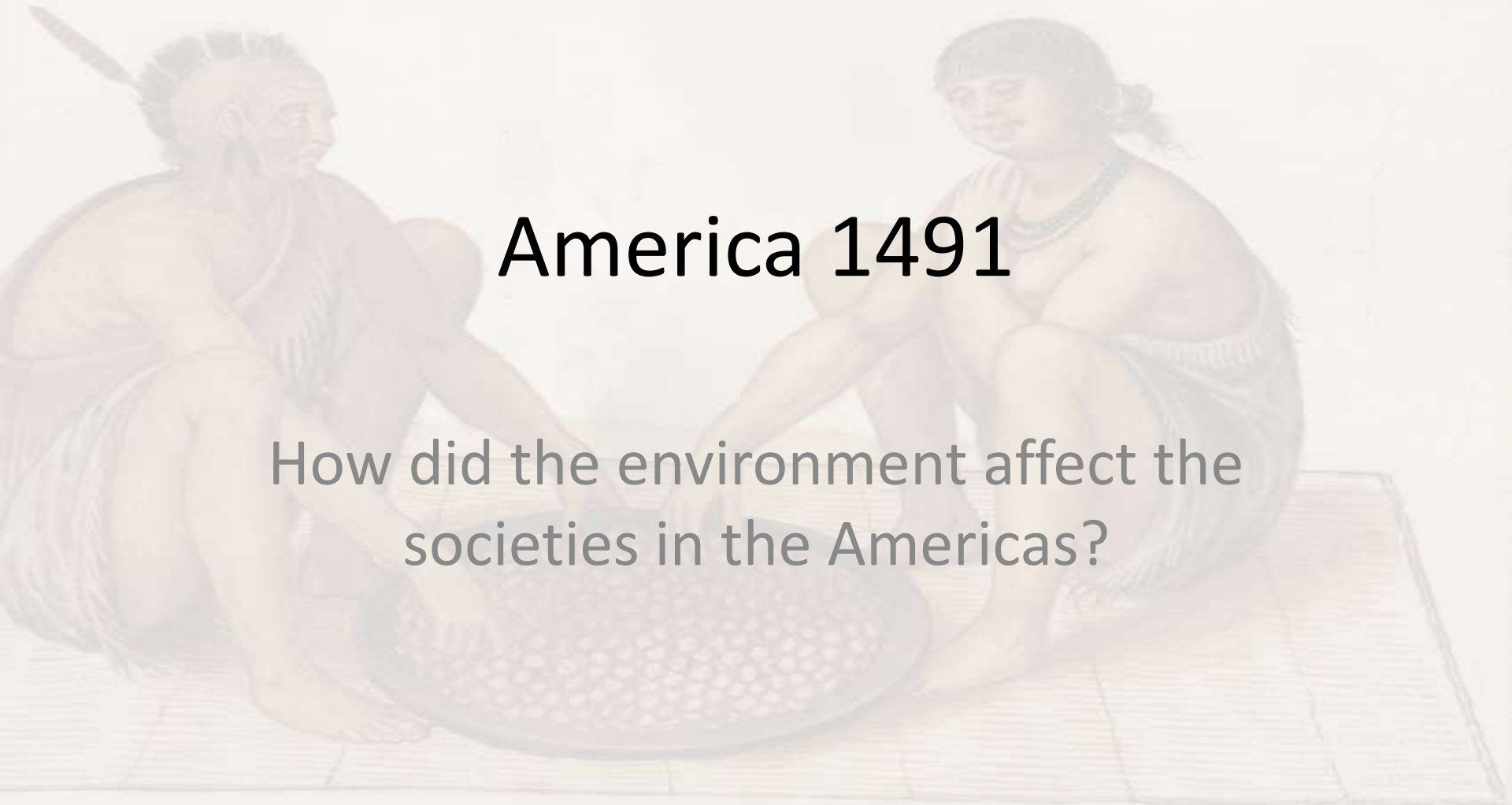


*Their sitting at meals*

# America 1491

How did the environment affect the societies in the Americas?



*Their sitting at meals.*

# Activity: Create your own society.

- Directions: In groups of 4 or 5 you will be given the characteristics of the different environments of America in 1491
- Using these features, you must create a society that lives there, explaining
  - Culture/lifestyle
  - Clothing
  - Housing



**Native American Culture Areas**

0 1000 2000 Miles  
 0 1000 2000 Kilometers

*Their sitting at meals.*

# Northwestern Native Americans

- Culture and lifestyle: hunters & fishers; totem poles
- Clothing: animals (furs and skins) along with raincoats made of bark
- Houses: mostly plank houses made with cedar



*Their sitting at meals.*

# Plateau Native Americans

- Culture & lifestyle: Nomadic hunter gatherers, fisher
  - Foods: vegetables, fruits, meat & fish
- Clothing: Bark breechcloth/ panchos. Men would wrap their legs with fur, women had hemp leggings
- Housing: dependant on materials available
  - Tepees, tule mat lodges lean-tos & pit houses
    - In the winter permanent villages, warmer months nomadic

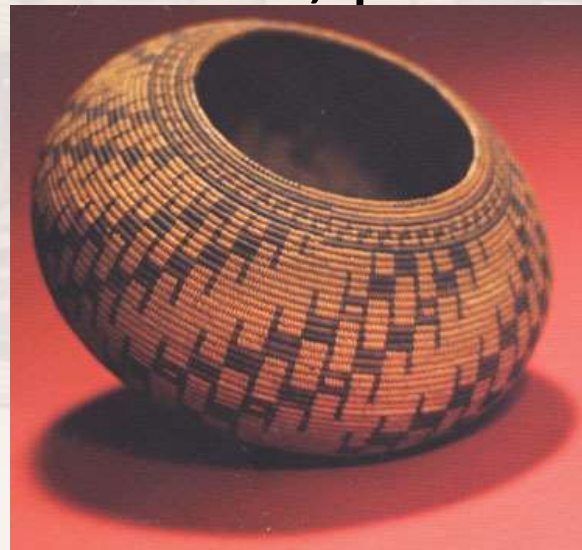
# Great Basin Native Americans

- Culture and life style: “desert culture”
  - Nomadic hunter gatherers
- Clothing: breechcloth and dresses of skins or woven grass
- Housing: brush shelters, wickiups and lean-tos



# California Native Americans

- Culture and lifestyle: hunter fishers
- Clothing: Chumash 'treasure basket'
  - Worn by chief
- Housing: grass mat houses, cedar bark lodges, Redwood plank houses, pit houses or earth lodges



*Their sitting at meals.*

# Southwest Native Americans

- Culture and lifestyle: farmers and nomadic hunters
- Clothing: deer or sheepskin, or wool
- Housing: adobe (pueblo) houses with hunters living in brush shelters or wickiups





*Their sitting at meals.*

# Great Plains Indians

- Culture and lifestyle: Nomadic hunters and farmers
- Clothing: bison skin
- Housing: tepees, with permanent earth lodges found by the rivers.





SIOUX

SOUK

PERCE

CHEYENNE

OTOE

FOX

PAWNEE

KICKAPOO

MIAMI

SHOSHONI

ARAPAHO

IOWA

ILLINOIS

UTE

COMANCHE

SHAWNEE

CHEROKEE

NAVAHO

WICHITA

CREEK

ZUNI

CHICKASAW

CHOCTAW

© Terri  
Johnson  
Used with

# Plains Indian Bison Hunt



# Witchita Tribe

*(Agriculture & Trade)*



*Their sitting at meals*

# Eastern Woodland Native Americans

- Culture and lifestyle: hunter gatherers, farmers, fishers and trappers
- Clothing: animal skins (buckskins) in the winter
- Houses: wigwams made of birchbark and longhouses



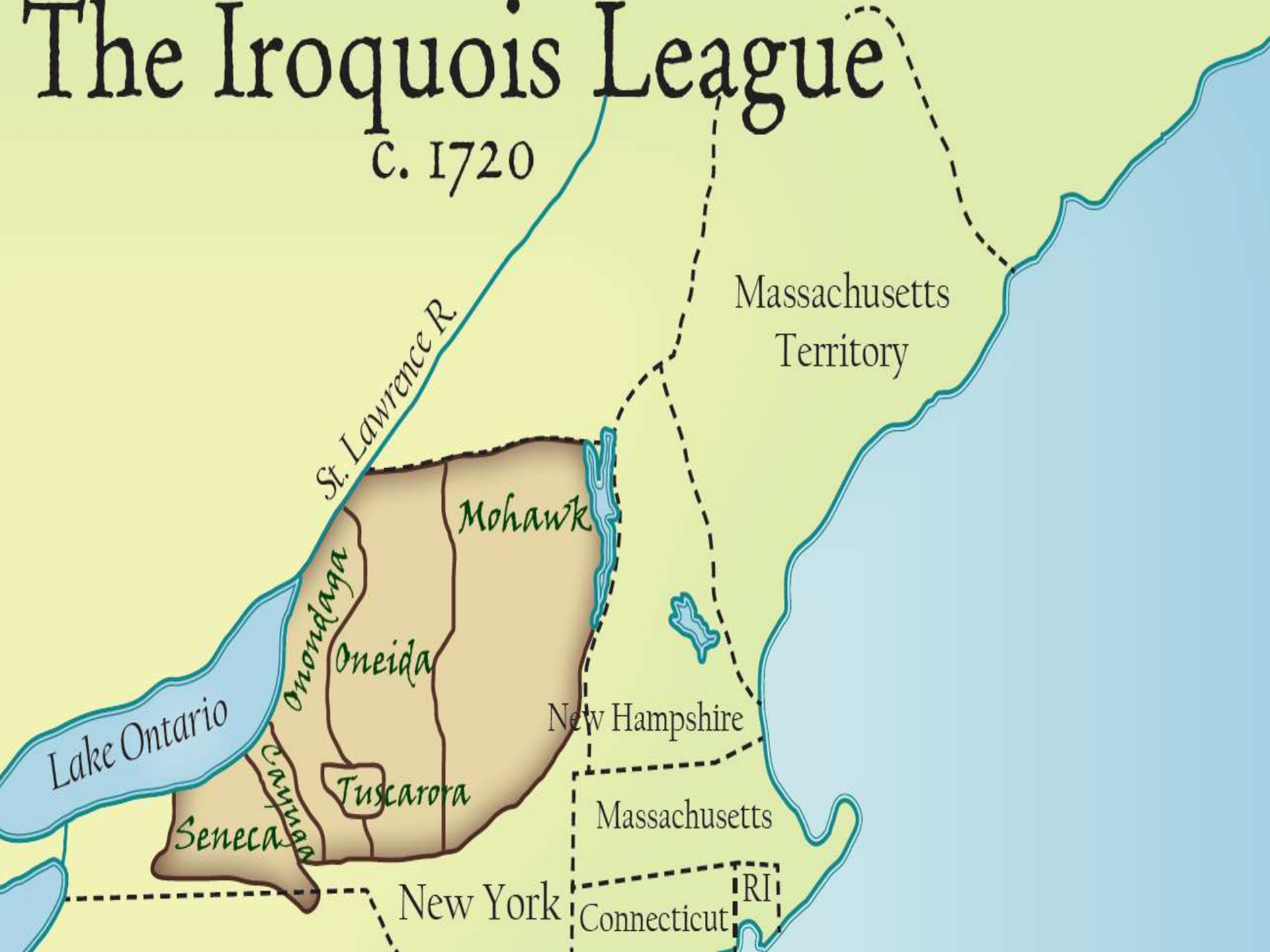
# “Three Sisters”

Squash  
Corn  
Beans



# The Iroquois League

c. 1720



Massachusetts  
Territory

St. Lawrence R.

Mohawk

Onondaga

Oneida

Tuscarora

Seneca

Cayuga

Lake Ontario

New Hampshire

Massachusetts

New York

Connecticut

RI

# Inter-Tribal Warfare





A woman with dark hair and bangs is shown in profile, looking down. She is wearing a vibrant purple garment with intricate white and black beaded patterns and colorful geometric accents. She holds a long, bright yellow staff vertically. The background is dark and out of focus, suggesting an indoor setting with shelves.

# Gender Roles

*Women generally shared in labor, except for hunting.*

*Their sitting at meals.*

# Southeastern Native Americans

- Culture and lifestyle: Nomadic hunters, fishers and farmers
- Clothing: deerskin clothes, rabbit fur and porcupine quills
- Housing: Caddo beehive thatched grass houses



*Their sitting at meal.*

# Sub Arctic Native Americans

- Culture and lifestyle: Nomadic hunter-gatherer
- Clothing: made of moose or caribou skin, shirt, pants, robes and moccasins
- Housing: pit houses, wigwams, tepees, smokehouses and lean-tos

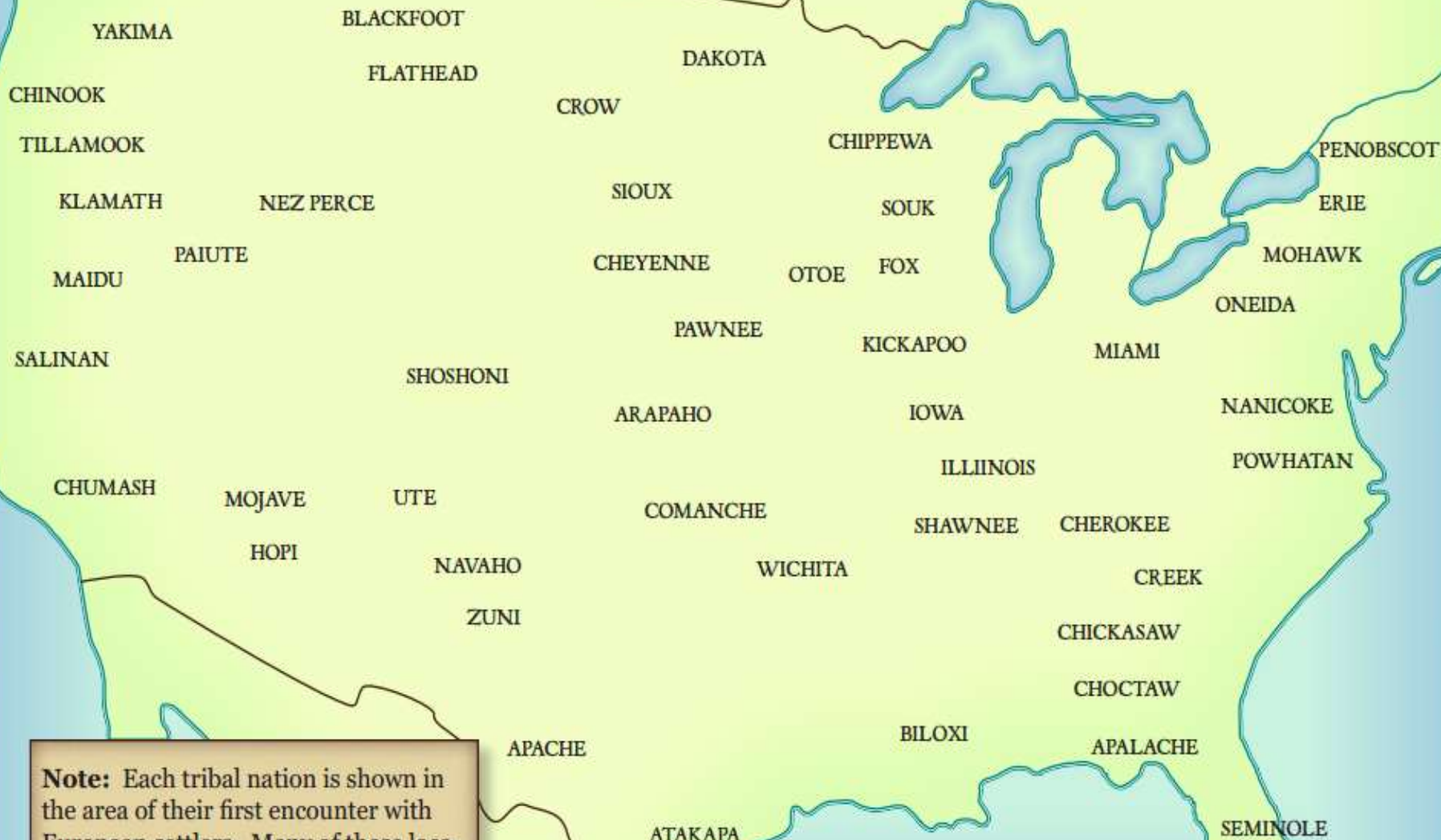


# AMERICAN INDIAN Culture Groups

<b>Arctic</b> (Eskimos, Inuits)	Hunting, Gathering, and Fishing
<b>Plains Indians</b> (Sioux, Comanche, Wichita)	Horses (introduced from Europe) Bison Hunters - Migratory (Teepees)
<b>Great Lakes</b> (Iroquois, Algonquins)	Hunting and Gathering Slash and Burn Agriculture “Three Sisters” (Corn, Squash, Beans) Longhouses (Iroquois)
<b>Southwest</b> (Hopi, Pueblo)	Clay Houses / Cliff Dwellings Maize (Corn) Agriculture
<b>Southeast</b> (Cherokee, Creek)	Agriculture / Settled Communities Mississippian Culture (Cahokia, Mounds)

# Native American Tribal Groups

1600 - 1850



A map of the continental United States showing the locations of various Native American tribal groups between 1600 and 1850. The map is divided into a grid of tribal territories. The tribes are labeled as follows:

- YAKIMA
- BLACKFOOT
- CHINOOK
- TILLAMOOK
- KLAMATH
- MAIDU
- SALINAN
- CHUMASH
- MOJAVE
- HOPI
- APACHE
- FLATHEAD
- NEZ PERCE
- PAIUTE
- SHOSHONI
- UTE
- NAVAHO
- ZUNI
- CROW
- SIoux
- CHEYENNE
- ARAPAHO
- COMANCHE
- WICHITA
- ATAKAPA
- DAKOTA
- CHIPPEWA
- SOUK
- OTOE
- FOX
- KICKAPOO
- IOWA
- ILLINOIS
- SHAWNEE
- BILOXI
- ATKAPA
- PENOBSCOT
- ERIE
- MOHAWK
- ONEIDA
- NANICOKE
- POWHATAN
- CHEROKEE
- CREEK
- CHICKASAW
- CHOCTAW
- APALACHE
- SEMINOLE

**Note:** Each tribal nation is shown in the area of their first encounter with European settlers. Many of these locations were only temporary as a number of these groups tended to range widely.

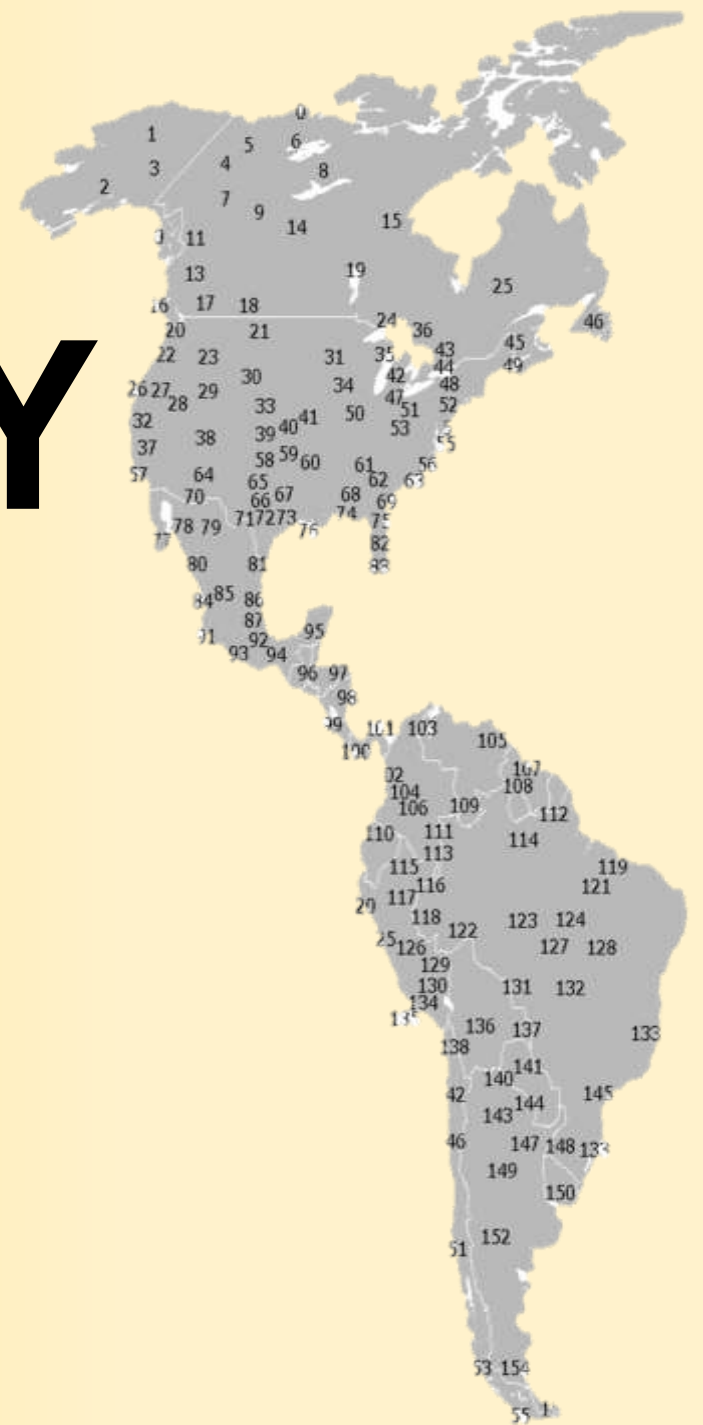
# DIVERSITY

156

*Distinct*

Ethnic

Groups



A map of the Pacific Northwest region of North America, showing the coastline from the Northwest Coast down to the Arctic. The map is color-coded into zones: a dark brown area in the southwest, a yellow area, a light green area, and a dark green area in the north. A dashed line runs diagonally across the map. Two text boxes are overlaid on the map: an orange box on the left and a blue box on the right.

**FISHING**

**HUNTING**

Arctic

Subarctic

Northwest  
Coast



Plateau

HUNTING & FARMING

Great Basin

Plains

Northeast

FISHING

California

HUNTING

FARMING

Southeast

HUNTING & FARMING

Southwest